



# **Exonuclease I**

recombinant. E. coli

Cat. Nº.	Amount
□ ENZ-100S	2.000 units
□ ENZ-100M	2 x 2.000 units
ENZ-100L	10.000 units
ENZ-100XL	2 x 10.000 units

Unit Definition: One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme that catalyses the release of 10 nmol acid-soluble nucleotides in a total reaction volume of 50  $\mu$ l within 30 minutes at 37 °C.

# Form: liquid

Concentration: 20 units/µl

Shelf Life: 12 months

# For in vitro use only!

Shipping: Shipped on blue ice

**Storage Conditions:** Store at -20 °C

# **Additional Storage Conditions:**

Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

# **Applications:**

Removal of residual ssDNA, including oligonucleotides, fromreaction mixtures.

# Notes:

- does not degrade double-stranded DNA or RNA
- requires magnesium and presence of free, accessible 3'-• hydroxyl-termini
- active in a wide variety of buffer conditions, allowing for direct addition of enzyme to most reaction mixtures

## **Description:**

Catalyzes removal of nucleotides from single-stranded DNA in 3' -> 5' direction.

# **Content:**

#### **Exonuclease I**

Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 50% (v/v) glycerol and stabilizers.

#### **10 X Reaction Buffer**

Glycine-KOH (pH 9.5 at 25°C), MgCl<sub>2</sub>, and stabilizers.

## **Assay Conditions:**

67 mM Glycin-KOH (pH 9.5 at 25 °C), 10 mM 2 - mercaptoethanol, 6,7 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 0.17 mg/ ml single-stranded [<sup>3</sup>H]-DNA. Incubation is at 37 °C for 10 min in a reaction volume of 50 µl.

# **Related Products:**

- Recombinant Shrimp Alkaline Phosphatase (rSAP), # ENZ-111
- Exo+SAP kit, #DPK-100.

# **Selected References:**

Lehman et al. (1964) J. Biol. Cem. 239:2628.

Kushne et al. (1971) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 68:824.

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Goldmark et al. (1972) J. Biol. Chem. 247:184.

Rosamond et al. (1979) J. Biol. Chem. 254:8646.

Werle et al. (1994) Nuc. Acids Research 22 (20):4354.

